

# GCSE → A Level Biology transition

### Answers to maths skills practice questions

#### 1 Numbers and units

```
1 a 1 kJ = 1000 J, so 4 500 000 J = 4 500 000/1000 kJ = 4500 kJ

b 1 MJ = 1000 kJ, so 4500 kJ = 4.5 MJ
```

2 1 m =  $10^9$  nm (there are a billion nanometre in a metre)

 $9.0 \times 10^{-8} \text{ m} = 9.0 \times 10^{-8} \times 10^{9} \text{ nm} = 9.0 \times 10^{-8+9} \text{ nm} = 9.0 \times 10 \text{ nm} = 90 \text{ nm}$ 

 $1.20 \times 10^{-7} \,\mathrm{m} = 1.20 \times 10^{-7} \times 10^{9} \,\mathrm{nm} = 1.20 \times 10^{-7 + 9} \,\mathrm{nm} = 1.20 \times 100 \,\mathrm{nm} = 120 \,\mathrm{nm}$ 

Range = 90 nm to 120 nm

**3 a** 10<sup>11</sup> **b** 10<sup>12</sup>

**c** 1000 + 1000 = 2000 **d** 100 - 0.01 = 99.99

**4 a**  $10^1$  or 10 **b**  $10^{-3}$  or 0.001

**c**  $10^6$  or 100000 **d**  $100^2 \div 100 = 100$  or  $10^2$ 

**5 a** 4 mm **b** 130 s

**c** 31 300 μl **d** 0.000 104 mg **6 a** 57 μm **b** 8.6 L or 8.6 dm<sup>3</sup>

**c** 68 s **d** 0.09 mm

#### 2 Decimals, standard form, and significant figures

 $1 \quad 0.0214 \ cm^2 \quad 0.0218 \ cm^2 \quad 0.03 \ cm^2 \quad 0.034 \ cm^2$ 

2 12.03 cm 12.901 cm 22 cm 22.003 cm 22.25 cm

**3 a** 3.06×10<sup>3</sup> kJ **b** 1.4×10<sup>5</sup> kg **c** 1.8×10<sup>-4</sup> m **d** 4×10<sup>-6</sup> m

4 a 1×10<sup>2</sup> b 1×10<sup>4</sup>

**c**  $1 \times 10^{-2}$  **d**  $2.1 \times 10^{7}$ 

**5** Give the following as decimals.

**a** 1 000 000 **b** 4 700 000 000 **c** 1 200 000 000 000 **d** 0.000 796 **6 a** 7600 g / 7640 g **b** 28 m / 27.5 m

**b a** 7000 **g** 7040 **g b** 20 111 727:0111

**c** 4.3 g / 4.33 g **d**  $6.0 \times 10^2 \text{ m} / 5.00 \times 10^2 \text{ m}$ 

7  $1.2 \times 10^4$  g

#### 3 Working with formulae

1 M? I = 6.6 mm  $O = 165 \mu m$ Change to same units: either both mm or both  $\mu m$  or both m:  $165 \mu m = 0.165$  mm M = I/O = 6.6/0.165 = x 40

# **OCR A Biology**

### GCSE → A Level transition **Teacher sheet**

2 Area = 
$$0.5 \times 2 \text{ cm} \times 9 \text{ cm} = 9 \text{ cm}^2$$

3 Area = 
$$\pi$$
 r<sup>2</sup> =  $\pi$  × (0.7  $\mu$ m)<sup>2</sup> =  $\pi$  × (0.7 × 10<sup>-6</sup> m) × (0.7 × 10<sup>-6</sup> m) = 1.5  $\mu$ m<sup>2</sup>

4 
$$N_0 = 24$$

$$7 \text{ days} = 7 \times 24 \text{ hours} = 168 \text{ hours}$$

so 
$$n = 168 \div 20 = 8.4$$

5 
$$N = 96 + 4 + 22 + 3 = 125$$
 animals found

so 
$$D = 1 - \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{n}{N}\right)^2$$

inner brackets: 
$$D = 1 - \left( \left( \frac{96}{125} \right)^2 + \left( \frac{4}{125} \right)^2 + \left( \frac{22}{125} \right)^2 + \left( \frac{3}{125} \right)^2 \right)$$

indices: 
$$D = 1 - (0.768^2 + 0.032^2 + 0.176^2 + 0.024^2)$$

addition: 
$$D = 1 - 0.6224 = 0.3776 = 0.38$$
 (2.d.p)

6 
$$O = 0.1 \text{ mm}$$
  $I = ?$   $M = 50$   $I = M \times O = 50 \times 0.1 \text{ mm} = 5 \text{ mm}$ 

**7** Area = 5.3 cm<sup>2</sup> radius? 
$$A = \pi r^2$$

$$5.3 = \pi r^2$$
  $r^2 = \frac{5.3}{\pi} = 1.687$   $r = \sqrt{1.687} = 1.3 \text{ cm}$ 

Or 
$$A = \pi r^2$$
  $r^2 = \frac{A}{\pi}$   $r = \sqrt{\frac{A}{\pi}}$   $r = \sqrt{\frac{5.3}{\pi}} = 1.3 \text{ cm}$ 

8 
$$7.25 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m} (7.25 \,\mu\text{m})$$

$$9 \quad a = \frac{\left(\frac{34}{100}\right) \times 135}{2} = 22.95$$

stroke volume = 
$$\frac{2.7}{77}$$
 = 0.035 dm<sup>3</sup>

Substitute in the known values: 
$$0.84 = \frac{\text{biomass transfer}}{25} \times 100$$

Rearrange the equation to give: biomass transfer = 
$$\frac{0.84}{100} \times 25 = 0.21 \text{ kg}$$

## 4 Magnification



### GCSE → A Level transition Teacher sheet

#### **5 Percentages and uncertainty**

1 a 
$$\frac{2240}{3600000} \times 100 = 0.06\%$$
 b  $\frac{480}{3600000} \times 100 = 0.013\%$ 

**2** 5.88%

3

Sucrose conc. / mol dm <sup>-3</sup>	Initial mass / g	Final mass / g	Mass change / g	Percentage change in mass
0.9	1.79	1.06	-0.73	-40.8%
0.7	1.86	1.30	-0.56	-30.1%
0.5	1.95	1.70	-0.25	-12.8%
0.3	1.63	1.76	+0.13	+8.0%
0.1	1.82	2.55	+0.73	+40.1%

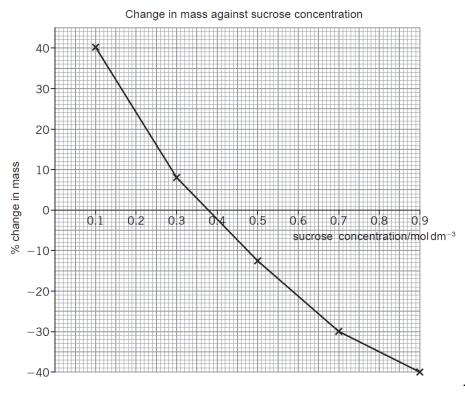
**a** 1 cm<sup>3</sup> **b** 0.005 s **c** 0.05 °C

5

1

Measurement made	Equipment used	Absolute error	Relative error
Length of a fluid column in a respirometer is 6 mm	mm scale	0.5 mm	$\frac{0.5}{6} \times 100 = 8.3\%$
Volume of a syringe is 12 cm <sup>3</sup> of liquid	0.5 cm <sup>3</sup> divisions	0.25 cm <sup>3</sup>	$\frac{0.25}{12} \times 100 = 2.1\%$
Change in mass of 1.6 g	balance with 2 d.p.	0.005 g	$\frac{0.005 \times 2}{1.6} \times 100 = 0.6\%$

#### 6 Scatter graphs and lines of best fit





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- **c** Table 1: Strong correlation. Positive at the start. As light intensity increases, the increase in the rate of photosynthesis decreases (so the graph levels off).
  - Table 2: Strong correlation. Negative at the start. As time increases, the rate of the decrease of the concentration decreases (so the graph levels off).